

# lgbt history month vs pride month

## LGBT History Month vs Pride Month: Understanding the Differences and Significance

**lgbt history month vs pride month** is a topic that often sparks curiosity and sometimes confusion. Both observances play vital roles in celebrating and recognizing the LGBTQ+ community, yet they serve distinct purposes and occur at different times of the year. Whether you're new to learning about LGBTQ+ culture or looking to deepen your understanding, exploring the nuances between LGBT History Month and Pride Month can provide valuable insights into the history, struggles, and ongoing fight for equality within this vibrant community.

## What Is LGBT History Month?

LGBT History Month is an annual observance dedicated to highlighting the history, achievements, and contributions of lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender individuals throughout time. It seeks to educate people about the often overlooked or marginalized stories of LGBTQ+ people, fostering greater awareness and understanding.

## When and Where Is LGBT History Month Celebrated?

LGBT History Month is celebrated at different times depending on the country. In the United States, it takes place every October, aligning with National Coming Out Day on October 11. The choice of October is significant because it coincides with the anniversary of the first march on Washington for gay and lesbian rights in 1979.

In the United Kingdom, LGBT History Month is observed in February, which was chosen to coincide with the abolition of Section 28 in 2003—a controversial law that prohibited the “promotion” of homosexuality in schools.

## Why Is LGBT History Month Important?

LGBT History Month serves several key purposes:

- **Education:** It provides schools, workplaces, and communities with the opportunity to learn about the history and culture of LGBTQ+ individuals, which is often absent from mainstream narratives.
- **Visibility:** By showcasing stories of LGBTQ+ pioneers and everyday

heroes, it combats invisibility and promotes acceptance.

- **Reflection:** It encourages reflection on how far society has come and the challenges that remain in achieving full equality.

## What Is Pride Month?

Pride Month is perhaps the more widely recognized of the two, symbolizing celebration, visibility, and activism for LGBTQ+ rights. It is rooted in the spirit of resilience and joy, commemorating the progress made while continuing to advocate for equal rights.

## The Origins of Pride Month

Pride Month is celebrated every June, marking the anniversary of the Stonewall Riots, which took place in June 1969 in New York City. These riots are widely considered the catalyst for the modern LGBTQ+ rights movement. Following Stonewall, the first Pride march was organized in 1970, setting a precedent for annual Pride events worldwide.

## What Happens During Pride Month?

Pride Month is characterized by vibrant parades, festivals, parties, educational events, and advocacy campaigns. It's a time when LGBTQ+ individuals and allies come together to celebrate identity, diversity, and community.

- **Parades and Festivals:** Colorful and lively events that promote visibility and solidarity.
- **Advocacy:** Highlighting ongoing issues like discrimination, legal rights, and health disparities.
- **Community Building:** Events that foster connection and support among LGBTQ+ people and allies.

## LGBT History Month vs Pride Month: Key

# Differences

Understanding the key differences between LGBT History Month and Pride Month helps clarify their unique roles within LGBTQ+ culture.

## Purpose and Focus

While Pride Month is largely celebratory, emphasizing joy, identity, and activism, LGBT History Month is more reflective and educational, focusing on historical context and honoring past struggles and achievements.

## Timing

- LGBT History Month: October (U.S.), February (U.K.)
- Pride Month: June globally

The timing reflects different historical markers—the Stonewall Riots for Pride Month and specific legislative or social milestones for LGBT History Month.

## Activities and Tone

Pride Month events tend to be lively, public-facing, and festival-like, often attracting large crowds. In contrast, LGBT History Month activities might include lectures, workshops, film screenings, and classroom curriculums aimed at deepening understanding.

## How Both Observances Complement Each Other

Though distinct, LGBT History Month and Pride Month are complementary. Together, they offer a fuller picture of LGBTQ+ life—past, present, and future.

## Building Awareness Through Education and Celebration

LGBT History Month lays the groundwork by educating people about the historical context of LGBTQ+ rights and struggles. This knowledge enriches the celebratory spirit of Pride Month, making it not just a party but a powerful statement of resilience and progress.

## Encouraging Ongoing Advocacy

Both months inspire activism but in different ways. LGBT History Month encourages reflection on past injustices to motivate change, while Pride Month pushes for current policy reforms and social acceptance.

## LSI Keywords to Understand the Context Better

When exploring LGBT History Month vs Pride Month, several related terms often come up, helping to deepen your understanding:

- LGBTQ+ rights movement
- Stonewall Riots
- National Coming Out Day
- Queer history
- LGBT visibility
- Equality and inclusion
- Section 28
- Gay pride parades
- Transgender awareness
- LGBT advocacy

These keywords reflect the broader themes tied to both observances and highlight the ongoing journey toward acceptance and equality.

## Tips for Engaging with Both Months Meaningfully

If you want to participate or support the LGBTQ+ community during either LGBT History Month or Pride Month, here are some suggestions:

1. **Attend Local Events:** Whether it's a history lecture or a Pride parade, try to engage with community activities.

2. **Educate Yourself and Others:** Read books, watch documentaries, and share stories about LGBTQ+ history and culture.
3. **Support LGBTQ+ Organizations:** Donate or volunteer for groups working toward equality and inclusion.
4. **Be an Ally:** Show your support year-round by advocating for LGBTQ+ rights and challenging discrimination.
5. **Reflect on Progress and Challenges:** Use these months as a time to consider what improvements are still necessary in society.

## Why Both Months Matter in Today's World

In a time when LGBTQ+ rights are still contested in various parts of the world, both LGBT History Month and Pride Month hold significant relevance. They remind us that the fight for equality is ongoing and that understanding history is crucial to shaping a more inclusive future.

By recognizing LGBT History Month, we honor the individuals who paved the way, often at great personal risk. Through Pride Month, we celebrate identity and continue pushing for societal change. Both are essential parts of the LGBTQ+ narrative, offering spaces for education, celebration, and activism.

Whether you're participating in educational programs during LGBT History Month or dancing in the streets during Pride Month, you're part of a global movement that values diversity, equality, and human rights for all.

## Frequently Asked Questions

### What is the main difference between LGBT History Month and Pride Month?

LGBT History Month is dedicated to educating people about the history and contributions of LGBTQ+ individuals, typically observed in October in the US and February in the UK, while Pride Month, celebrated in June, focuses on honoring LGBTQ+ identities, promoting visibility, and commemorating the Stonewall riots.

### When is LGBT History Month celebrated?

LGBT History Month is celebrated in October in the United States and in February in the United Kingdom.

## **Why is Pride Month celebrated in June?**

Pride Month is celebrated in June to commemorate the Stonewall Riots, which occurred in June 1969 and are considered a pivotal event in the LGBTQ+ rights movement.

## **Do LGBT History Month and Pride Month have different goals?**

Yes, LGBT History Month aims to educate and highlight LGBTQ+ history and achievements, while Pride Month focuses on celebrating LGBTQ+ identities, promoting equality, and advocating for LGBTQ+ rights.

## **Are LGBT History Month and Pride Month celebrated globally?**

Pride Month is widely celebrated globally with parades and events, while LGBT History Month is primarily observed in countries like the US and UK, with varying dates and levels of recognition elsewhere.

## **How do schools and organizations typically observe LGBT History Month vs Pride Month?**

During LGBT History Month, schools and organizations often hold educational activities, workshops, and lectures about LGBTQ+ history, whereas Pride Month features more celebratory events like parades, festivals, and visibility campaigns.

## **Can Pride Month be considered a form of activism?**

Yes, Pride Month is both a celebration and a form of activism, as it raises awareness about LGBTQ+ issues, fights discrimination, and advocates for equal rights.

## **Why is it important to have both LGBT History Month and Pride Month?**

Having both months allows for a comprehensive approach: LGBT History Month educates about the past struggles and achievements, while Pride Month celebrates identity and promotes ongoing activism for LGBTQ+ rights.

## **Are there specific symbols associated with LGBT History Month and Pride Month?**

Pride Month is commonly associated with the rainbow flag symbolizing LGBTQ+ pride, while LGBT History Month may use various symbols including historical LGBTQ+ icons and flags to emphasize education and remembrance.

# Additional Resources

## LGBT History Month vs Pride Month: Understanding the Distinctions and Significance

**lgbt history month vs pride month** represents a nuanced conversation within the LGBTQ+ community and its allies, highlighting two distinct yet interconnected observances. While both months serve to celebrate, educate, and promote awareness about LGBTQ+ lives, identities, and struggles, their origins, purposes, and cultural impacts differ significantly. This article delves into the historical context, objectives, and contemporary relevance of LGBT History Month and Pride Month, drawing a clear distinction while appreciating their complementary roles in fostering visibility and equality.

## Origins and Historical Context

The first major point of divergence between LGBT History Month and Pride Month lies in their inception and historical foundations. Pride Month's roots trace directly to the Stonewall Riots of June 1969—a watershed moment in LGBTQ+ activism in New York City. Pride Month, celebrated every June, honors this legacy of resistance against police brutality and systemic oppression. Events worldwide during Pride Month are marked by parades, rallies, and festivities that celebrate LGBTQ+ identity, culture, and progress toward civil rights.

In contrast, LGBT History Month has a more recent and educational focus. Initiated in the United States in 1994 by Rodney Wilson, it is observed every October. The primary goal is to highlight the historical contributions and experiences of LGBTQ+ individuals, often overlooked or erased in mainstream historical narratives. By dedicating a month to history, the observance emphasizes the importance of understanding the struggles and achievements that shape contemporary LGBTQ+ life.

## Purpose and Focus

The difference in purpose between LGBT History Month and Pride Month is fundamental to their distinct identities. Pride Month is celebratory and forward-looking, emphasizing visibility, unity, and the ongoing fight for equal rights. It serves as a platform for community solidarity, political activism, and cultural expression. Pride events are often vibrant and public-facing, designed to engage broad audiences and foster acceptance.

Conversely, LGBT History Month has a predominantly educational mission. It encourages schools, organizations, and the public to engage with LGBTQ+ history through lectures, exhibits, and curriculum integration. This focus on history aims to combat ignorance and prejudice by exposing the complexities and diversity of LGBTQ+ experiences over time. The month also supports

reflection on past injustices and the progress made, grounding contemporary advocacy in historical context.

## **Comparative Analysis: Visibility vs. Education**

A critical aspect of the discussion about LGBT History Month vs Pride Month is the balance between visibility and education within the LGBTQ+ movement. Pride Month's widespread visibility campaigns have made it a cultural phenomenon, with millions participating globally. Its emphasis on celebration and empowerment helps counteract stigma and fosters a sense of pride within the community.

However, critics argue that Pride Month can sometimes become overly commercialized or depoliticized, focusing more on festivity than activism. This commercialization risks diluting the original radical intent of the Stonewall uprising and may overshadow the ongoing challenges faced by marginalized subgroups within the LGBTQ+ community.

LGBT History Month, by contrast, offers a counterbalance by promoting deeper understanding through historical scholarship and storytelling. Its educational framework supports awareness of intersectionality, highlighting stories of LGBTQ+ people of color, transgender individuals, and other often marginalized groups. Yet, LGBT History Month tends to receive less public attention and media coverage compared to Pride Month, limiting its reach primarily to academic or activist circles.

## **Global Observance and Variations**

While Pride Month enjoys global recognition with events spanning continents, LGBT History Month's observance varies more widely by region. In the United States, LGBT History Month is celebrated in October, aligning with National Coming Out Day. The United Kingdom, however, observes LGBT History Month each February, coinciding with the abolition of Section 28—a law that prohibited the “promotion” of homosexuality in schools.

This geographical variation illustrates how local histories and political climates shape the timing and content of these commemorations. Pride Month's June timing is largely uniform internationally due to its direct link to Stonewall, whereas LGBT History Month adapts to regional histories and educational priorities.

## **Impact on Community and Society**

The societal impact of LGBT History Month and Pride Month manifests in different but complementary ways. Pride Month's broad visibility campaigns



have been vital in normalizing LGBTQ+ presence in mainstream culture, influencing policy changes such as marriage equality and anti-discrimination laws. It also fosters community resilience and mental well-being by providing spaces for affirmation.

LGBT History Month's contribution lies in shaping knowledge and narratives. By integrating LGBTQ+ history into educational curricula and public discourse, it challenges systemic erasure and promotes empathy. This educational aspect supports long-term cultural change by informing younger generations and fostering allies.

## **Challenges and Criticisms**

Both observances face unique challenges. Pride Month's growing commercialization and sometimes superficial celebrations have drawn critique from activists who seek to preserve its radical roots. Additionally, Pride events can sometimes exclude or inadequately represent certain groups within the LGBTQ+ spectrum, such as transgender people, bisexual individuals, and queer people of color.

LGBT History Month confronts the challenge of visibility and engagement. Without the large-scale, festive events associated with Pride, it relies heavily on institutional support from schools, libraries, and advocacy groups. Ensuring that LGBTQ+ history is accurately and inclusively represented remains an ongoing task, complicated by differing political environments and social attitudes.

## **Complementary Roles in LGBTQ+ Advocacy**

Understanding the dynamics of lgbt history month vs pride month reveals how these observances serve complementary roles in advancing LGBTQ+ rights and recognition. Pride Month invigorates community pride and political activism through celebration and visibility, while LGBT History Month strengthens the movement's foundation through education and historical awareness.

Both months are essential in cultivating a comprehensive approach to LGBTQ+ advocacy. Pride Month invites participation from diverse audiences, breaking down barriers through visibility and celebration. Meanwhile, LGBT History Month ensures that the community's past is not forgotten, providing context for ongoing struggles and achievements.

The interplay between these months enriches the cultural fabric of LGBTQ+ identity and activism. Organizations and individuals often leverage both observances to maximize impact—combining the celebratory spirit of Pride with the reflective depth of History Month.

In an evolving social landscape, maintaining the balance between public

celebration and educational depth is crucial. As LGBTQ+ rights continue to progress worldwide, the ongoing dialogue between lgbt history month vs pride month underscores the multifaceted nature of visibility, remembrance, and empowerment.

## **Lgbt History Month Vs Pride Month**

**lgbt history month vs pride month: Pastoral Care to and Ministry with LGBTQ Youth and Young Adults** Arthur David Canales, 2022-06-14 Pastoral Care to and Ministry with LGBTQ Youth and Young Adults weaves sound theology and solid practice to offer insight and introspection about helping and ministering to some of our most vulnerable in our congregations and/or parishes—LGBTQ youth and young adults. Moreover, the book provides pragmatic pastoral strategies that can be successfully implemented into Christian youth ministries and young adult ministries. The book examines traditional understandings of homosexuality and transgender in Scripture from a marginalized perspective. The book analyzes current theological and pastoral practice and “moves the needle” to offer new insights and fresh ideas regarding pastoral care to and ministry with LGBTQ young people. This book is perfect for youth/young adult ministers, lay leaders, pastors, parents, and academics who are interested in LGBTQ issues, topics, and ministry. The book invites students, scholars, and practitioners to understand the subtleties and nuances of providing pastoral care and ministry to God’s queer young people. For anyone serious about LGBTQ young people, this book is a must!

**lgbt history month vs pride month: LGBT-Parent Families** Abbie E. Goldberg, Katherine R. Allen, 2012-10-12 LGBT-Parent Families is the first handbook to provide a comprehensive examination of this underserved area. Reflecting the nature of this issue, the volume is notably interdisciplinary, with contributions from scholars in psychology, sociology, human development, family studies, gender studies, sexuality studies, legal studies, social work, and anthropology. Additionally, scholarship from regions beyond the U.S. including England, Australia, Canada, and South Africa is presented. In addition to gender and sexuality, all contributors address issues of social class, race, and ethnicity in their chapters.

**lgbt history month vs pride month: Queer Justice at School** Elizabeth J. Meyer, Much change is needed to make school communities more affirming and inclusive of gender and sexual diversity. This timely book is written for secondary students and their adult allies who are working to make schools more supportive of lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, intersex, asexual people and families. Grounded in scholarship, the text offers information, ideas, guidelines, inspiration, and resources to support grassroots efforts to envision and build more just and liberatory school communities. The author shares case studies of youth activism and profiles of these LGBTQIA+ activists to show what is possible when young people take action to improve their communities. Meyer explicitly acknowledges the diversity of the LGBTQIA+ community and discusses working in coalitions to address related forms of injustice, including racism and white supremacy, ableism, colonialism, classism, as well as biases around religion, immigration status, language, and culture. This hands-on guide is readable and accessible for use in extracurricular clubs or as classroom assignments in grades 6–12. Book Features: Written in a language appropriate for students and adults working together in student clubs like GSAs or after-school community centers. Provides figures and activities that can be used to guide action planning. Demonstrates that some of the best change happens when it is led by youth. Moves away from the dominant discourse that focuses on harm reduction, risk narratives, and reducing bullying and harassment. Includes a chapter that discusses relevant laws and policies. Offers a companion website that provides updated links and resources for readers.

**lgbt history month vs pride month: *Pride Everyday*** Amara Parker, 2024-06-05 Introducing 'Pride Every Day,' the world's first book of its kind, meant to be a comfortable addition to any home, inviting allies, supporters, and people from all backgrounds. With a focus on retaining decency and sensitivity across many cultures and countries, this book attempts to smoothly integrate LGBTQ+ pride into society. 'Pride Every Day' is an inspiration of inclusivity and acceptance, providing readers with a thorough guide to knowing and loving LGBTQ+ identities and experiences. This book includes everything from thoughtful insights on the meaning of Pride to practical ideas for creating a more inclusive atmosphere. What distinguishes 'Pride Every Day' is its commitment to appreciating the intricacies of many cultures and traditions while upholding the universal ideals of love, respect, and equality. Whether you're looking for personal inspiration or advice on how to help the LGBTQ+ community, this book is a reliable companion on your journey to inclusivity. With engaging storytelling, insightful viewpoints, history, and breathtaking pictures, 'Pride Every Day' encourages readers to appreciate diversity, fight preconceptions, and create a more compassionate society for everyone. This book has something for everyone, whether you're a long-time ally or just starting to learn about LGBTQ+ identity. Join us in making pride a part of our daily lives. Let 'Pride Every Day' be your guide to developing understanding, empathy, and acceptance - because together, we can build a society in which everyone feels seen, heard, and appreciated, regardless of who they are or who they love.

**lgbt history month vs pride month: *Homophobic, Biphobic and Transphobic Bullying and LGBT Inclusion in English Schools*** Eleanor Formby, Martin Culliney, Claire Wolstenholme, Bernadette Stiell, 2025-10-08 Based on a large-scale research project involving approximately 850 English schools, the authors examine the incidence of homophobic, biphobic, and transphobic (HBT) bullying and the strategies schools use to address it.

**lgbt history month vs pride month: *Rainbow Fleur de Lis*** Frank Perez, 2025-05-15 *Rainbow Fleur de Lis: Essays on Queer New Orleans History* is an anthology of eighty-five short, easy-to-read essays that originally appeared in *Ambush Magazine* and *French Quarter Journal*. Author Frank Perez has collected essays on a wide variety of topics in LGBTQ+ history and arranged them into multiple sections. Each section contains five essays and begins with a brief introductory overview that ties the individual pieces together. The book opens with *Gay Carnival* and provides a unique glimpse behind the scenes of this distinct New Orleans tradition. "Bars and Gay Spaces" examines the ever-shifting queer centers of gravity throughout the French Quarter. The section on the AIDS epidemic demonstrates how, by the end of the 1980s, New Orleans was a model city for providing AIDS-related services. "Arts and Letters" highlights figures such as lesbian photographer Frances Benjamin Johnston and playwright Tennessee Williams. The next section looks at homophobia in New Orleans in the 1950s. "Activists and Activism" traces the birth and rise of queer activism in New Orleans. Historical surveys of several organizations are then provided, followed by a unit on the Up Stairs Lounge fire. A section on Southern Decadence follows before the book turns its attention to how gay men saved the French Quarter a hundred years ago. Several legendary entertainers are then featured, as is the history of Pride in New Orleans. The book closes with a section on historical scholarship and several interview transcripts. Altogether, these essays provide an invaluable resource on New Orleans LGBTQ+ history.

**lgbt history month vs pride month: *The Gay and Lesbian Guide to College Life*** The Princeton Review, 2011-11-23 Featuring advice from students and administrators at more than seventy of the nation's top colleges, the *Gay and Lesbian Guide to College Life* lets you know how to how to thrive on campus as a lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, and/or questioning student. Including tons of student testimonials and dozens of parent tips, the *Gay and Lesbian Guide to College Life* offers no-nonsense guidance to LGBT students, their families, and allies on how to make the most of their college experience. Learn how you can:

- Find an LGBT-friendly school
- Evaluate administrative policies related to LGBT student life
- Deal with homo/bi/transphobia on campus
- Participate in LGBT student activism
- Get support for your health and safety needs
- Fully integrate yourself into the campus community

**lgbt history month vs pride month:** LGBTQ+ Librarianship in the 21st Century Bharat Mehra, 2019-05-01 Libraries are at the heart of many of the communities they serve. Increasingly, it is important for them to adjust to serve minority groups, including LGBTQ+ communities. This collection presents original scholarship on the emerging directions of advocacy and community engagement in LGBTQ+ librarianship.

**lgbt history month vs pride month:** *An Imperfect Leader* Peter L. Stiepleman, 2023-04-24 *An Imperfect Leader: Leadership in (After) Action* tells the story of a superintendent from his first days to the pandemic. In each chapter, he responds to a series of questions to prompt genuine reflection. This book is structured to give leaders the tools to become predictably successful leaders.

**lgbt history month vs pride month:** **Current Affairs Capsule June 2019** Testbook.com, 2019-07-07 All the Important Current Affairs of June 2019 in one place. Download the PDF & know the events of National & International importance.

**lgbt history month vs pride month:** **Mental Wellbeing in Schools** Arif Mahmud, Liam Satchell, 2022-06-22 Teachers see the impact of pupils' mental wellbeing on the experience of school every day. But often there is not enough practical advice on what can be done to support pupils who might need help and especially for pupils from diverse backgrounds, who might face unique challenges. This important book is a practice-facing, evidence-based guide for teachers, support staff, education students, and schools, giving advice on the ways in which we can support the mental wellbeing of pupils from diverse backgrounds. Bringing together advice and strategies for supporting pupil mental health and wellbeing, this book makes accessible key knowledge about mental health and examines how this might vary in different pupil populations by exploring the unique challenges for disadvantaged and minority pupils. Offering valuable insights into the diverse nature of pupils' mental health experiences, each chapter provides practical suggestions and approaches that teachers can use in the classroom, and schools can adopt into their pastoral care systems. Including real-life case studies and key takeaways, *Mental Wellbeing in Schools* will be valuable reading for teachers in primary and secondary schools as well as school leaders.

**lgbt history month vs pride month:** LGBT People and the UK Cultural Sector John Vincent, 2016-05-06 This book examines the complex and conflicting relationships between LGBT people and our cultural and heritage organisations including libraries, museums and archives. In this unique book established author John Vincent draws together current good practice, and also highlights issues which urgently still need to be addressed. To set the work of libraries, museums and archives in context, Vincent traces the development of LGBT rights in the UK. He goes on to examine some of the reasons for hostility and hatred against this minority group and critically explores provision that has been made by cultural and heritage organisations. He offers examples of good practice - not only from the UK, but from across the world - and draws up an essential 'charter' for future development. This compelling, practical book should be read by managers and staff in libraries, museums and archives around the world looking for guidance on this important issue.

**lgbt history month vs pride month:** Gender Diversity and LGBTQ Inclusion in K-12 Schools Sharon Verner Chappell, Karyl E. Ketchum, Lisa Richardson, 2018-06-27 This exploration of effective practices to support lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer (LGBTQ) and gender-diverse students in elementary, middle, and high school contexts focuses on curriculum, pedagogy, and school environment. Narratives and artwork from the field are framed by sociocultural and critical theory as well as research-based elaboration on the issues discussed. Applications of antidiscrimination law and policy, as well as learning skills like creativity, collaboration, and critical thinking help teachers tackle some of the most significant educational challenges of our time. The stories of real-world practices offer encouragement for building inclusive environments and enhancing social-emotional relationships among youth, families, and schools. *Gender Diversity and LGBTQ Inclusion in K-12 Schools* provides a helpful roadmap for educators hoping to create safe and empowering spaces for LGBTQ and gender-diverse students and families.

**lgbt history month vs pride month:** *The Ultimate Guide for Gay Dads* Eric Rosswood, 2017-10-24 If you are thinking of becoming a gay dad – or if you are already a gay dad – this book is

for you! Are you ready to have kids? More and more gay men are turning to adoption and surrogacy to start their own families. An estimated two million American LGBTQ people would like to adopt and an estimated 65,000 adopted children are living with a gay parent. In 2016, The Chicago Tribune reported that 10 to 20 percent of donor eggs went to gay men expanding their families via surrogacy, and in many places the numbers were up 50 percent from the previous five years. Gay parenting: Having a kid is like coming out all over again, on a daily basis, especial if you have an infant. Was coming out stressful for you? It's about to get more intense and you will have a child watching your every move and listening to your every word. If you stutter or pause, they may pick up on your discomfort and could start to feel like something is wrong about their family unit. The Ultimate Guide For Gay Dads is jam packed with parenting tips and advice to help you build confidence and become the awesome gay dad you were meant to be! How Is This Parenting Guide Different From Others? Unlike other parenting books that have whole chapters focusing on things specifically related to mothers (such as how to get the perfect latch when breastfeeding), this parenting book replaces those sections with things relevant to gay dads. It covers topics like how to find LGBT friendly pediatricians, how to find LGBT friendly schools, how to childproof your home with style, how to answer awkward and prying questions about your family from strangers, examples for what two-dad families can do on Mother's Day, and much more. The book also includes parenting tips and advice from pediatricians, school educators, lawyers, and other same-sex parents. Top LGBT parenting expert: Bestselling author Eric Rosswood covers every aspect of fatherhood for gay men in this essential guide to growing your family in the post-DOMA era. He is a major influencer on social media with over 100,000 followers on Twitter alone, as well as thousands on other platforms. Exploring LGBTQ issues: Rosswood is an in-demand authority and commentator on LGBTQ issues, including civil rights, parenting, marriage and politics. The author has been featured in major media including The Washington Post, Cosmopolitan, CBS News, The Huffington Post, Elite Daily, Yahoo! News, AOL News, NY Daily News, IB Times, and regional LGBTQ press.

**lgbt history month vs pride month: Pride** Caitlyn McNeill, 2024-04-02 These thoughtfully selected quotations have been taken from throughout history, and from a variety of voices, celebrating everything the LGBTQIA+ community has achieved. Containing words of courage, hope, and pride, they focus on inclusivity and remind us that love is one of the world's greatest powers. Featuring the vibrant colors of a contemporary illustrator, this is the perfect way for allies and community members alike to share their pride with energy, hope, and joy.

**lgbt history month vs pride month: Be Gay, Do Crime** Zane McNeill, Blu Buchanan, Riley Clare Valentine, 2025-09-16 Sometimes it pays to be gay and do crime. As communities are boldly rising to challenge capitalism, white supremacy, and authoritarianism, Be Gay, Do Crime: Everyday Acts of Queer Resistance and Rebellion is your ultimate guide to LGBTQ+ resilience and rebellion. Packed with daily snapshots of radical queer history, this book celebrates the bold, the brave, and the beautifully defiant moments that have shaped the fight for justice. Ever wonder why the Stonewall protests became an uprising or what the earliest acts of queer resistance looked like? How about the ways queer communities have organized against oppression across the globe? Be Gay, Do Crime dives into these stories and so many more—from fierce acts of resistance to joyful victories—bringing to life the rich, diverse history of LGBTQ+ liberation. By situating readers within a larger pattern of struggle, these everyday acts counter the erasure of queer people from history and serve as a reminder that our struggles are part of a broader fight against systemic violence and dehumanization. But, this isn't just a history book; it's a rallying cry. Flip to any page, soak up some inspiration, and join the legacy of resistance.

**lgbt history month vs pride month: Contemporary British Queer Performance** S. Greer, 2016-02-02 This book examines queer performance in Britain since the early 1990s, arguing for the significance of emerging collaborative modes of practice. Using queer theory and the history of early lesbian and gay theatre to examine claims to representation among other things, it interrogates the relationships through which recent works have been presented.

**lgbt history month vs pride month: Legislative Index and Table of Sections Affected**

California. Legislative Counsel Bureau, 2013

**lgbt history month vs pride month: Chase's Calendar of Events 2021** Editors of Chase's, 2020-10-27 Find out what's going on any day of the year, anywhere across the globe! The world's date book since 1957, Chase's is the definitive, authoritative, day-by-day resource of what the world is celebrating and commemorating. From national days to celebrity birthdays, from historical anniversaries to astronomical phenomena, from award ceremonies and sporting events to religious festivals and carnivals, Chase's is the must-have reference used by experts and professionals—a one-stop shop with 12,500 entries for everything that is happening now or is worth remembering from the past. Completely updated for 2021, Chase's also features extensive appendices as well as a companion website that puts the power of Chase's at the user's fingertips. 2021 is packed with special events and observances, including National days and public holidays of every nation on EarthThe 400th anniversary of the Plymouth pilgrim ThanksgivingThe 200th independence anniversary from Spain of its Central and South American colonies. The 100th anniversary of the Tulsa Race MassacreScores of new special days, weeks and monthsBirthdays of new world leaders, office holders, and breakout starsAnd much more!All from the reference book that Publishers Weekly calls one of the most impressive reference volumes in the world.

**lgbt history month vs pride month: Documenting Activism, Creating Change** Hannah Cobb, Kayt Hawkins, 2025-08-21 This volume documents feminist, intersectional activism in archaeology since 2010, highlighting online and transient spaces. It captures insights from 43 archaeologists, documenting positive changes and providing a resource for ongoing advocacy against gendered inequalities and violence.

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